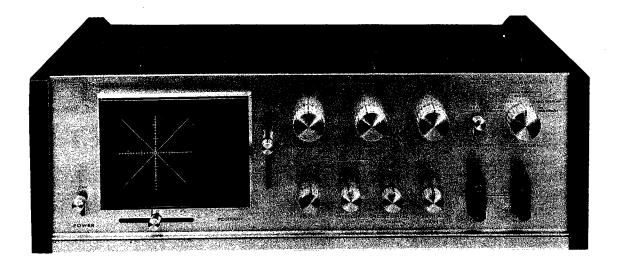


SERVICE MANUAL

KC-6060A



SOLID STATE AUDIO LAB-SCOPE

PARTS DESCRIPTION LIST

Description				Part No.	Remarks
MAIN	CHASSIS	(Y15-00	05-01) SEC	TION	
		PC BOARI)		
OSCILLATION UNIT (UM130	2J)			X71-0002-00	
VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL					
UNIT (UM1508J)				X73-0008-00	
POWER & HIGH-TENSION UN	IIT (UM1008.)		X68-0008-00	
		CAPACITO	DR		
Polyester	0.47μF	±20%		CQ05M2G474M	
Ceramic	10pF	±0.5pF		CC94SL2H100D	
Electrolytic	10 μ F	25WV		CE04W1E100	·
Mylar	0.47μF	±10%		CQ93M1H474K	
Mylar	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%		CQ93M1H473K	
Mylar	$0.0039 \mu F$	±10%		CQ93M1H392K	
Mica	2 70 pF	±10%		CM91B2H271KY	
Electrolytic	47μ F	315WV		CE02D2F470	
Oil Impregnated	0.1μF	±20%		CP02B3C104M	
Oil Impregnated	$0.2 \mu F$	±10%		C90-0039-05	
Oil Impregnated	0.01μF	±20%		C90-0036-05	
Oil Impregnated	$0.1 \mu F$	±20%		CP02B2J104M	
Mylar	0.01μF	±10 %		CQ93M1H103K	
		RESISTOR	₹		
Insulated Carbon Film	220kΩ	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H224J	
Insulated Carbon Film	$27k\Omega$	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E273J	
Insulated Carbon Film	1 ΜΩ	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H105J	
Insulated Carbon Film	150kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E154J	
		SWITCH	1		
AUDIO INPUT (Lever)				S36-2002-25	
SELECTOR (Rotary)				S10-4039-05	
SWEEP RANGE (Rotary)				S29-1004-05	
AC VOLTAGE SELECT (Slide)				S31-2004-05	
	PO1	ENTIOME	TER		
Vertical Gain	250kΩ	(B)		R03-6001-05	
Horizontal Gain	250kΩ				
				· ·	
				i	
·					
Horizontal Position					
			1		
Focus				, and the second	
Level Adj.					
Level Adj.	100kΩ	(B)		R02-5003-05	
Multipath Position Deflection	100 kΩ	(B)		R12-5014-05	
		etc.	l		
Case	.		1	A01-0070-03	
				į	
			-		
Frame (4)				A13-0003-03	
	MAIN OSCILLATION UNIT (UM130 VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL UNIT (UM1508J) POWER & HIGH-TENSION UN Polyester Ceramic Electrolytic Mylar Mylar Mylar Mylar Mica Electrolytic Oil Impregnated Oil Impregnated Oil Impregnated Oil Impregnated Mylar Insulated Carbon Film Insulated Carbon Film Insulated Carbon Film Insulated Carbon Film VERTICAL (Rotary) SELECTOR (Rotary) SWEEP RANGE (Rotary) AC VOLTAGE SELECT (Slide) Vertical Gain Horizontal Gain 1kHz OSC Sweep Variable Vertical Position Intensity Focus Level Adj. Level Adj. Level Adj. Multipath Position Deflection	MAIN CHASSIS OSCILLATION UNIT (UM1302J) VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION UNIT (UM1508J) POWER & HIGH-TENSION UNIT (UM1008J) POWER & HIGH-TENSION UNIT (UM1008J) POWER & HIGH-TENSION UNIT (UM1008J) POYUPE Ceramic Clay For Dispansion Mylar 0.47 μF Mylar 0.0039 μF Mylar 0.047 μF Oil Impregnated 0.1 μF Oil Impregnated 0.1 μF Oil Impregnated 0.1 μF Oil Impregnated 0.1 μF Insulated Carbon Film 220kΩ Insulated Carbon Film 1MΩ Insulated Carbon Film 1MΩ Insulated Carbon Film 1MΩ Insulated Carbon Film 150kΩ AUDIO INPUT (Lever) SELECTOR (Rotary) AUDIO INPUT (Lever) SELECTOR (Rotary) AUDIO INPUT (Lever) SELECTOR (Rotary)	MAIN CHASSIS (Y15-00	MAIN CHASSIS (Y15-0005-01) SEC PC BOARD	PC BOARD

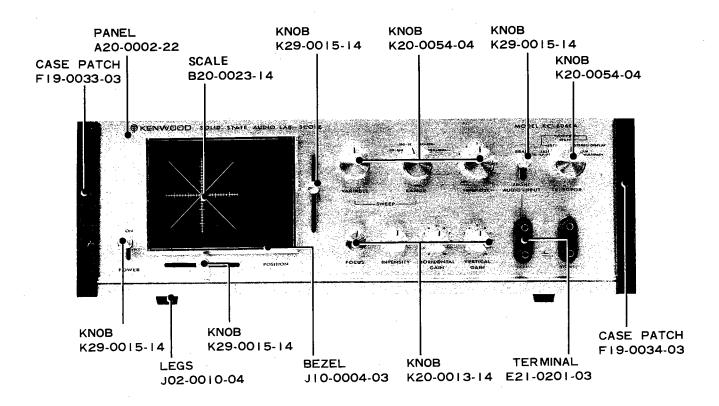
PARTS DESCRIPTION LIST

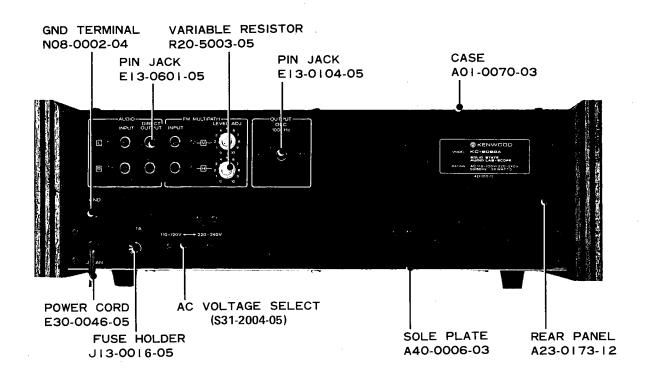
Symbol No.	Description	Part No.	Remarks
_	Frame (5)	A13-0010-03	
_	Panel	A20-0002-22	
_	Panel Assembly	A20-0095-23	
_	Sub-Panel	A22-0011-22	
_	Rear-Panel	A23-0173-12	
_	Sole-Plate	A40-0006-03	
_	Scale	B20-0023-14	
P. L.	Pilot Lamp	B30-0029-15	
_	Certification	B42-0009-04	
_	Caution Sticker (For Cathode-ray tube)	B42-0026-04	
_	LA Standard Sticker	B42-0220-04	
	Warranty Card	B46-0002-00	
_	Warranty Card	(U) B46-0037-00	
_	1	(K) B50-0465-10	
_	Instruction Manual	(U) B50-0466-10	
_	Schematic Diagram	B52-0074-00	
_	_	(U) B58-0003-00	
_		(K) B58-0043-00	
_	, ,	(U) B58-0101-00	
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(U) B59-0018-00	
_	Switch Stopper	D32-0021-04	
_	14P Cathode-ray Tube Socket	E01-1401-05	·
J	1P Pin Jack	E13-0104-05	
J	6P Pin Jack	E13-0601-05	
_	Pilot Lamp Socket	E15-0010-05	
_	Lug Terminal	E20-0509-05	
	Terminal	E21-0201-03	
	Lug	E22-0207-05	
	AUDIO Cord	E30-0015-05	
_	Power Cord	E30-0046-05	
F	Fuse (1A)	F05-1023-05	
1	Shielding Plate	F10-0181-14	
_	Shielding Plate (For Rotary Switch)	F10-0190-04	
_	Shielding Plate (For Cathode-ray Tube)	F11-0119-02	
_		F15-0007-04	
_	Dust Sheet	F19-0033-03	
_	Case Patch	F19-0034-03	
_	Case Patch	G13-0006-25	
_	Cushion	G16-0002-14	
_	Rubber Sheet		
_	Corrugated Cardboard Case	H01-0517-03	
_	Corrugated Cardboard Case (K)	H02-0118-03	
_	Legs	J02-0010-04	
	Bezel (For Observation)	J10-0004-03	
_	Bezel Framework (For Observation)	J10-0005-04	
_	Fuse Holder	J13-0016-05	
_	Transformer Holder	J21-0007-04	
	Cathode-ray Tube Holder	J21-0051-03	
-	Pilot Lamp Holder	J21-0052-13	
	Amp Holder	J21-0192-04	
	Cathode-ray Tube Holder	J21-0731-04	į.
_	Cathode-ray Tube Holder	J21-0732-04	Į.

PARTS DESCRIPTION LIST

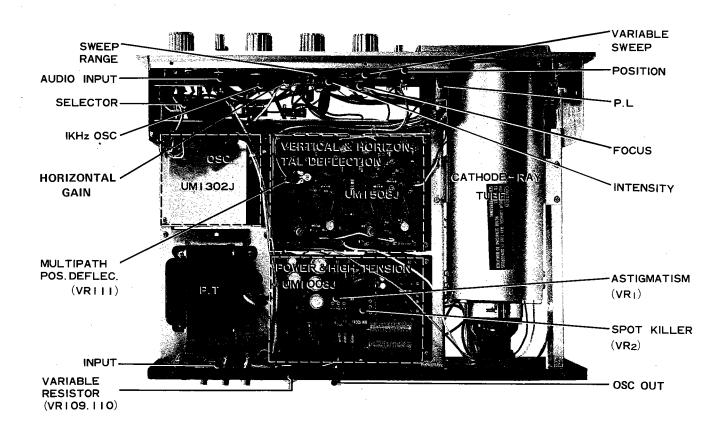
Symbol No.	Description	Part No.	Remarks
	Collar (1)	J31-0004-04	
_	Collar (2)	J31-0005-04	
	Boss	J32-0015-04	
_	Power Cord Bushing	J41-0006-00	
	Rubber Bushing	J42-0009-04	
_	Snap Beaded Band	J61-0017-05	
	Beaded Band	J61-0018-05	
_	Knob (16φ)	K20-0013-14	
_	Knob (23φ)	K20-0054-04	
_	Knob (For Lever)	K29-0015-14	
ν. т.	Power Transformer	L03-0005-15	
	GND Terminal	N08-0002-04	
			the Switch \$104
'n North Ame	rica, leave out the parts of "U", In other area, do out the parts of "K", but	M Canada, not including	line Switch 5104.
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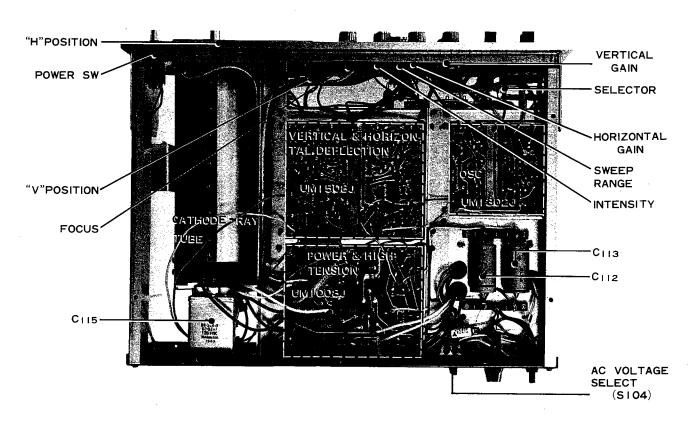
EXTERNAL VIEW



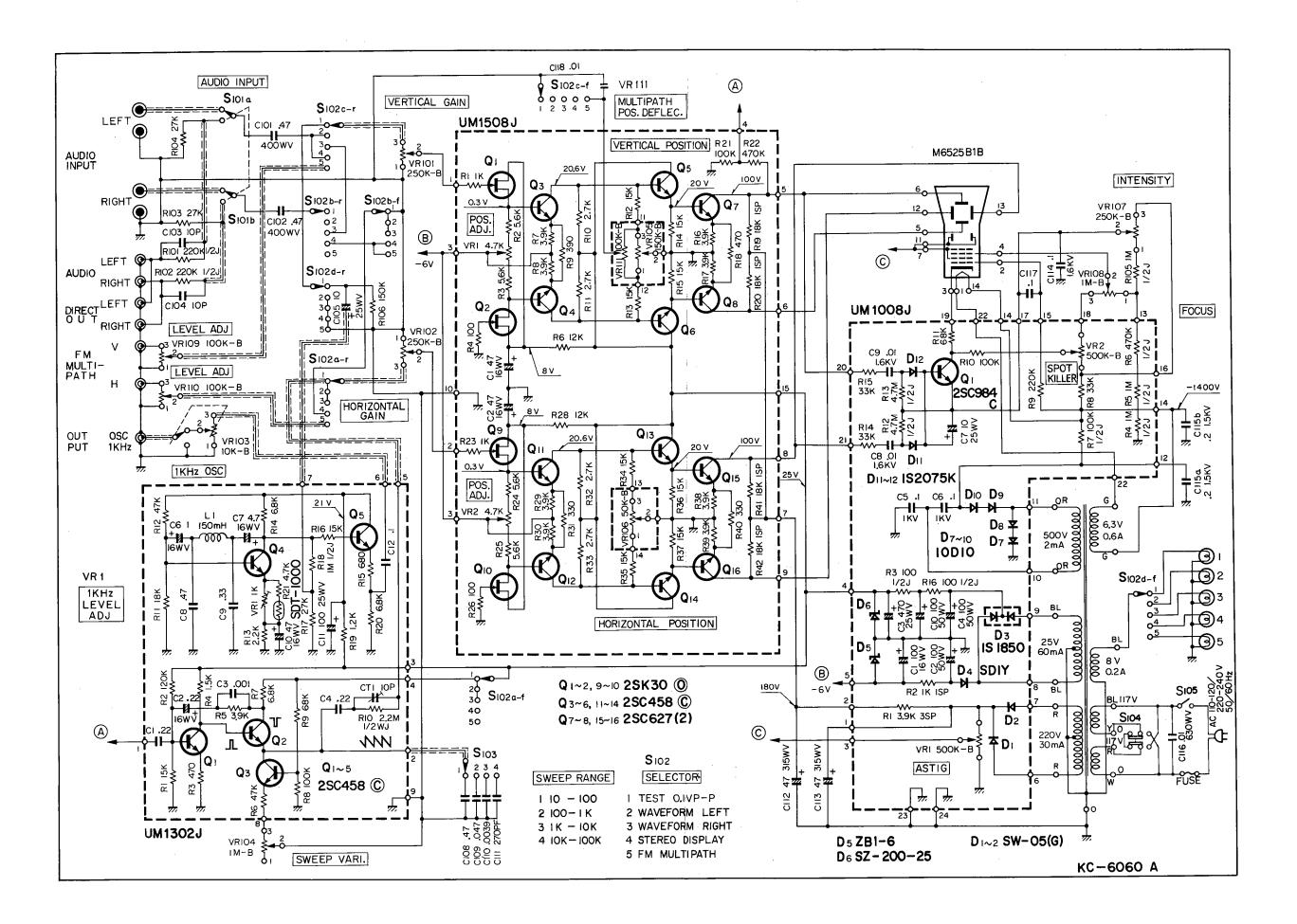


CHASSIS TOP & BOTTOM VIEW





SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



I. General

This manual contains the descriptions for alignment of the model KC-6060A Solid State Audio Lab-Scope.

II. Measuring Instruments and Tools Required

1. Measuring instruments

1) Sine wave oscillator

Frequency: 10 Hz to 500 kHz or more

Distortion factor: 1% or less

Shall provide least level variation Output:

Square wave oscillator

Frequency requirement: Shall be capable of delivering

a frequency of 50 Hz

Shall be such that its waveform suffers Output:

from least sag

Square wave voltage calibrator

Shall be a square wave oscillator which is capable of delivering the square wave voltage (P-P) with precision at 1 kHz. Not required specifically if the square wave oscillator given in item 2) meets the above requirement.

4) AC voltmeter

Frequency: 5 Hz to 500 kHz

Accuracy: 3% or less (10 Hz to 200 kHz)

5) Oscilloscope

This oscilloscope is intended to use as a monitor for the output level of the sine wave oscillator given in item 1) above. If the sine wave oscillator is highly stable, therefore, it is unnecessary to prepare this oscilloscope specifically.

Distortion factor meter

Tools

- 1) Regulating rod
- Philips screwdriver

III. Adjustment of Bright Spot and Line

1. Purpose

The purpose of this adjustment is to position the bright spot at the center of the cathode-ray tube scope when controls POSITION "V" and "H" are set to the centers of their movable ranges.

The another purpose is to make the astigmatism adjustment of the bright spot and the horizontal adjustment of the cathode-ray tube scale to the bright line.

2. Position adjustment

Set the operating controls on the front panel as

POSITION (V & H):

Mechanical center

FOCUS:

Center

INTENSITY:

3 o'clock position

SWEEP VARIABLE: SWEEP RANGE:

Center 100 - 1K

SELECTOR:

TEST (0.1 Vp-p)

Vertical center adjustment

With control HORIZONTAL GAIN set at the center position and control VERTICAL GAIN set at the extreme counterclockwise position, adjust variable resistor VR1 on printed circuit board UM1508J until the bright line is centered on the cathode-ray tube scope with respect to its vertical position.

Horizontal center adjustment

With control HORIZONTAL GAIN set at the extreme counterclockwise position and control VERTICAL GAIN at the center position, adjust variable resistor VR2 on printed circuit board UM1508J until the bright line is centered on the cathode-ray tube scope with respect to its horizontal position.

3. FM multipath spot position adjustment

1) Set the SELECTOR to FM multipath. Set other controls on the panel as described in item 2.

2) With the "VR111" on the printed circuit board UM1508J adjust the spot position so that it is set within 22 ± 2mm below the center of the scale.

4. Astigmatism adjustment

- 1) Set controls HORIZONTAL GAIN and VERTICAL GAIN at their extreme counterclockwise position. Check to see that other controls are set as given in item 2, 1) above.
- With variable resistor VR2 on printed circuit board UM1008J set at the extreme counterclockwise position, adjust variable resistor VR1 on the same printed circuit board until the bright spot becomes a round, small spot at the center of the cathode-ray tube scope.

5. Spot killer adjustment

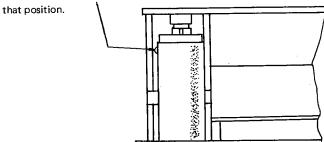
With all operating controls set as described in item 4 above, turn variable resistor VR2 on printed circuit board UM1008J until the bright spot on the cathode-ray tube scope goes out. Fix the variable resistor at that position.

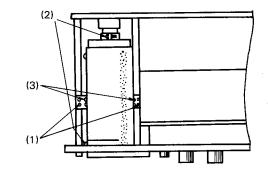
6. Horizontal adjustment of cathode-ray tube scale to

Set control VERTICAL GAIN at the extreme counterclockwise position and control HORIZONTAL GAIN at the center position. Adjust the screws of the cathode-ray tube mounting bracket as illustrated below until the horizontal axis of the cathode-ray tube scale coincides with the bright

 The set has two type construction. Adjustment can be obtained by following either of the steps given below depending on the type.

Loosen this screw. Rotate the CRT until the horizontal axis of the CRT scale coincide with the bright line. Tighten the screw to fix the tube in





UTM

- (1) If CRT is not centered on the scale, vertical and horizontal, left and right adjustments can be obtained with these screws turned loose.
- Loosen these screws and bring the bright line into alignment with the horizontal level and then tighten the screws.
- (3) Fine adjustment can be obtained with this screw.

7. Check of performance INTENSITY control

With the VERTICAL GAIN control set at the center

position, check to see that the bright line increases its intensity as the INTENSITY control is turned clockwise. Also, check under the above condition to see that the bright line decreases its intensity uniformly until it goes out as the INTENSITY control is turned counterclockwise.

IV. Check of Deflection Sensitivity

1. Purpose

The purpose of this check is to make sure that the cathode-ray tube scope provides a vertical and a horizontal deflection sensitivities of 25 mV/cm or more.

2. Check of Vertical Deflection Sensitivity

1) Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

POSITION (V & H):

Mechanical center

INTENSITY: FOCUS:

3 o'clock position Any position for which bright

spot is focussed properly

SWEEP RANGE:

100 - 1K

HORIZONTAL GAIN: Center

VERTICAL GAIN:

Extreme clockwise WAVEFORM LEFT

SELECTOR: **AUDIO INPUT:**

FRONT

- 2) Set up the square wave voltage calibrator for an output of 0.1 Vp-p at 1 kHz. Connect the output of the calibrator to the LEFT input terminal on the front panel. Check that the input signal is vertically deflected more than 40 mm as measured on the cathode-ray tube scope. In this case, adjust the SWEEP VARIABLE control so as to prevent the waveform running in the horizontal direction over the scope.
- 3) Set the SELECTOR switch at the WAVE FORM RIGHT position. With the output of the calibrator connected to the RIGHT input terminal, check to see that the input signal is vertically deflected more than 40 mm as in item 2) above.
- 4) Connect the output of the calibrator to the LEFT input terminal with the SELECTOR switch set at the STEREO DISPLAY position and check to see that the input signal is deflected just in the same manner as mentioned above.
- 5) With the operating controls set as follows, check to see that the terminals on the rear panel provide a deflection sensitivity of more than 40 mm respectively

against their inputs.

AUDIO INPUT: REAR

Calibrator's SELECTOR's Input terminal position output WAVE FORM AUDIO INPUT "L" 1 Vp-p LEFT WAVE FORM AUDIO INPUT "R" 1 Vp-p RIGHT STEPEO AUDIO INPUT "L" 1 Vp-p DISPLAY FM MULTI-FM MULTIPATH "V" 0.1 Vp-p **PATH**

Horizontal deflection sensitivity check

1) Set the operating controls on the front panel in the same manner as in the vertical deflection sensitivity check given in item IV 2 above, excepting those controls which should be set as follows:

SELECTOR:

STEREO DISPLAY

HORIZONTAL GAIN: Extreme clockwise

VERTICAL GAIN:

Extreme counterclockwise

- 2) Apply the 0.1 Vp-p output from the square wave voltage calibrator to the RIGHT input terminal on the front panel and check to see that the input signal is horizontally deflected more than 40 mm, as measured on the cathode-ray tube scope.
- 3) With the operating controls set as follows, check to see that the terminals on the rear panel provide a horizontal deflection sensitivity of more than 40 mm respectively against their inputs.

AUDIO INPUT:

REAR

SELECTOR's position: Input terminal

Calibrator's output

STEREO DISPLAY:

AUDIO INPUT "R" 1Vp-p

FM MULTIPATH:

FM MULTIPATH "H"

0.1Vp-p

V. Frequency Response Check

1. Purpose

The purpose of this frequency response check is to check the audio lab-scope for proper vertical and horizontal frequency responses.

2. Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

STEREO DISPLAY

AUDIO INPUT:

FRONT

HORIZONTAL GAIN: Center **VERTICAL GAIN:** Center

INTENSITY:

3 o'clock position

FOCUS:

Any position for which bright

spot is focussed properly

3. Vertical frequency response

With the 1 kHz sine wave output from the sine wave oscillator applied to the LEFT terminal on the front panel adjust the output of the oscillator until the input signal to the audio-lab scope is vertically deflected 40 mm, as measured on the scope.

Monitor the output level of the oscillator using an AC voltmeter or an oscilloscope under the above condition.

Set the oscillator frequency at 150 kHz and make sure that the output level of the oscillator remains as monitored in item 1) above. If not, adjust the output level to the same level as monitored in item 1).

Check to see under the above condition that the input signal to the audio-lab scope is deflected vertically more than 28 mm.

4. Horizontal frequency response check

Proceed just in the same manner as described in item 3 above with the output signal from the sine wave oscillator applied to the RIGHT input terminal on the front panel.

5. Check of SAG

Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

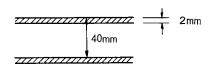
WAVE FORM RIGHT

SWEEP RANGE:

10K - 100K

SWEEP VARIABLE: Center

Apply the 50 Hz square wave output from the square wave oscillator to the RIGHT input terminal on the front panel. Adjust the output of the oscillator until the input signal is deflected 40 mm as measured on the scope. Check to see under the above condition that the upper and lower horizontal bands offer a vertical width of 2 mm or less.



VI. Sweep Oscillator Frequency Check

1. Purpose

The purpose of this sweep oscillator frequency check is to check the sweep oscillator frequency of the model KC-6060A for proper continuity.

Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

WAVE FORM LEFT

SWEEP, RANGE:

10 - 100

SWEEP VARIABLE:

Extreme counterclockwise

VERTICAL GAIN:

Center

HORIZONTAL GAIN: The position for which the

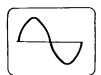
input signal is horizontally

deflected approx. 40 mm

Apply the 10 Hz sine wave output from the sine wave oscillator to the LEFT input terminal. Then, adjust the output of the oscillator until the waveform on the cathode-ray scope provides an appropriate vertical amplitude.

Check the sweep oscillator frequency for normal continuity by carrying out the following steps:

1) While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control clockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill on the scope to indicate its synchronization to the sweep oscillator frequency.



- 2) Set the oscillator frequency at 100 Hz. While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control clockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.
- Set the SWEEP RANGE switch at the 100 1K position.

While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control counterclockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.

- 4) Set the oscillator frequency at 1 kHz.
 - While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control clockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.
- 5) Set the SWEEP RANGE switch at the 1K 100K position.
 - While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control counterclockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.
- 6) Set the oscillator frequency at 10 kHz. While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control clockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.
- Set the SWEEP RANGE switch at the 10K 100K position.
 - While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control counterclockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.
- Set the oscillator frequency at 100 kHz. While turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control clockwise, check to see that one cycle of the input signal frequency waveform comes to a standstill.

Note: If the input oscillator frequency fails to synchronize with the sweep oscillator frequency at a frequency range, perform the check with the SWEEP RANGE switch set at the next or preceding frequency range. If the check is performed successfully, then it may be considered that the continuity of the sweep oscillator frequency is normal.

VII. Sweep Linearity Adjustment

1. Purpose

The purpose of this adjustment is to adjust the sweep oscillator of the model KC-6060A for normal sweep linearity within a sweep range of 10K - 100K.

2. Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

RIGHT

SWEEP RANGE:

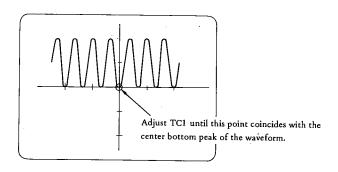
10K - 100K

Apply the 100kHz sine wave output from the sine wave oscillator to the RIGHT input terminal, adjust the SWEEP VARIABLE control until 7 cycles of the input signal waveform appear on the cathode-ray tube scope.

Adjust the HORIZONTAL GAIN control until the above-mentioned 7 cycles of waveform start and

terminate respectively at the points 20 mm away from the center line of the CRT scope as shown in the figure below.

Adjust trimmer capacitor TC1 on printed circuit board UM1302J until the center bottom peak of the waveform coincide with the center of the horizontal line of CRT scale.



VIII. Check of Input Signal Synchronization

1. Purpose

The purpose of this check is to make sure that the input signal frequency is synchronized normally with the sweep oscillator frequency of model KC-6060A.

2. Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

RIGHT

SWEEP RANGE:

10K - 100K

With the 200 kHz sine wave applied to the RIGHT input terminal, adjust the VERTICAL GAIN control until the input signal is vertically deflected 10 mm, as measured on the cathode-ray tube scope.

Check under the above condition to see that the waveform on the scope can be brought in a standstill by turning the SWEEP VARIABLE control.

- 1) With the SWEEP RANGE switch set at the 100 1K position and the 1 kHz sine wave applied to the RIGHT input terminal, proceed just in the same manner as described in item 2 above to make sure that the waveform on the scope can be brought in a standstill.
- Also, check that the input signal frequency is synchronized with the sweep oscillator frequency with its trailing edge swinging downward as shown below.



IX. Calibration of Test Signal and Its Check

1. Purpose

The purpose of this calibration is to calibrate the 1 kHz calibrator for its peak-to-peak voltage.

2. Set the operating controls on the front panel as follows:

SELECTOR:

LEFT

SWEEP RANGE:

100 - 1K

HORIZONTAL GAIN:

Center

 Apply the 1 kHz, 0.1 Vp-p square wave to the LEFT input terminal.

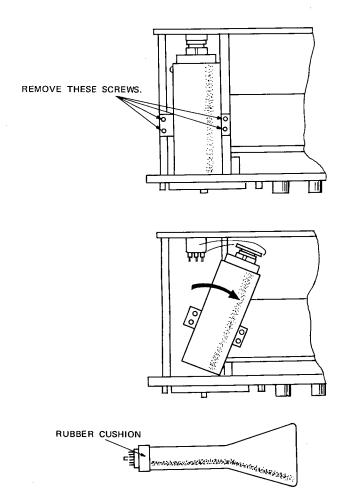
Turn the VERTICAL GAIN control until the waveform on the cathode-ray tube scope provides an amplitude of 40 mm.

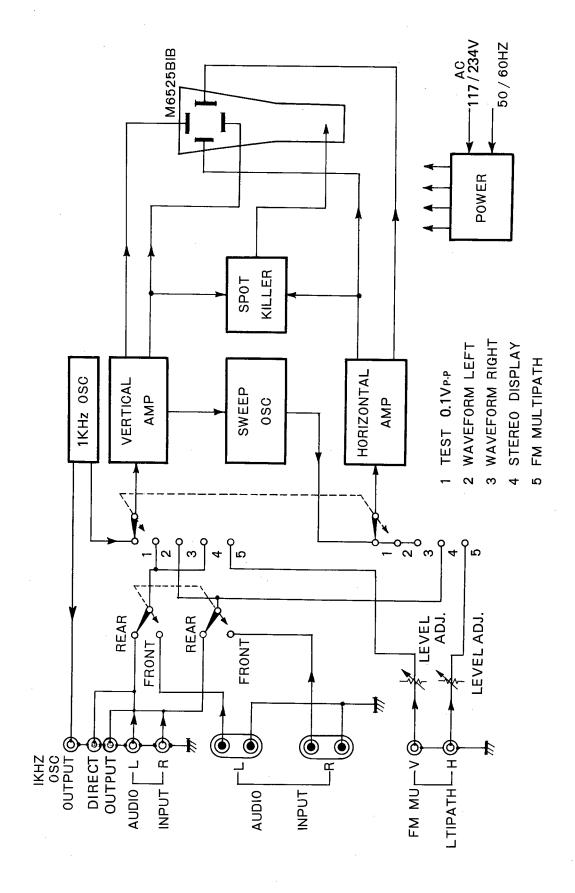
- With the SELECTOR switch turned to the TEST (0.1 Vp-p) position, adjust variable resistor VR1 on printed circuit board UM1302J until the sine waves provide a peak-to-peak value of 40 mm, as measured on the cathode-ray tube scope.
- Onnect the AC voltmeter to the 1 kHz OSC OUTPUT on the rear panel. While observing the voltmeter, check to see that the meter increases its indication from 0 up to 0.9 V r.m.s. or more as the 1 kHz OSC control on the front panel is turned clockwise from the extreme counterclockwise to the extreme clockwise positions.
- 4) Then connect the distortion meter to the terminal on the rear panel mentioned above. Check to see that the meter indicates a distortion factor of 2% or less and a frequency reading of 1 kHz ±10%.

REPLACEMENT OF CATHODE-RAY TUBE

- 1. Remove the screws, which hold the cathode-ray tube shielding case in position as shown the followings.
- 2. Turn the cathode-ray tube shielding case clockwise and lift it up out of the cabinet case.

- Loosen the clamper screw holding the cathode-ray tube in its shielding case and pull the tube out of the case.
- 4. Remove the rubber cushion from the neck of the removed cathode-ray tube. Apply the cushion to a new cathode-ray tube. Then, mount the new cathode-ray tube in the cabinet case by carrying out steps 1, 2, and 3 reversely both in sequence and operations.





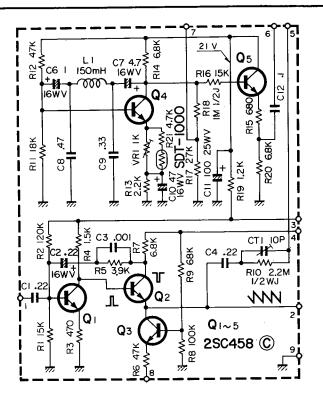


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM-

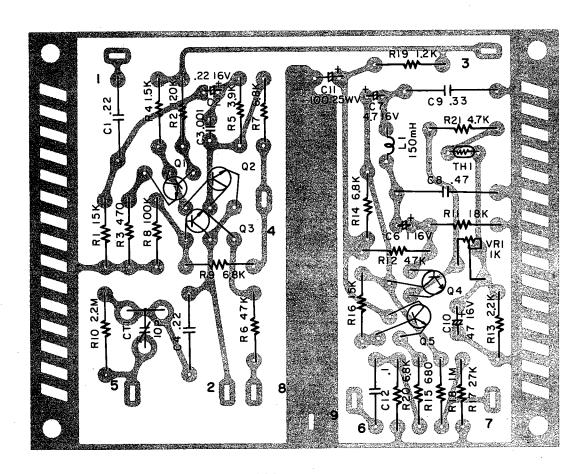
BOTTOM VIEW OF TRANSISTOR

2SC458C





SEALED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLIES-PHANTOM VIEWS-







Symbol No.	Des	cription			Part No.	Remarks
-		CA	APACITO	RS		
C1	Mylar	0.22μF	±20%	-	CQ93M1H224M	
C2	Solid Aluminum	0.22μF	16WV		CA04W1CR22	
С3	Ceramic	0.001μF	±20%		CK94YY1H102M	
C4	Mylar	0.22μF	±20%		CQ93M1H224M	
C6	Electrolytic Tubular	1μF	16WV		CE04W1C010	
C7	Electrolytic Tubular	4.7μF	16WV		CE04W1C4R7	
C8	Mylar	0.47μF	±10%		CQ93M1H474K	
C9	Mylar	0.33μF	±10%		CQ93M1H334K	
C10	Electrolytic Tubular	47μF	16WV		CE04W1C470	
C11	Electrolytic Tubular	100μF	25WV		CE04W1E101	
C12	Mylar	0.1μF	±20%		CQ93M1H104M	
CT1	Ceramic Trimmer	10pF			C05-0010-05	
	 	•	RESISTOR	 RS		
R1	Insulated Carbon Film	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E153J	
R2	Insulated Carbon Film	130kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E124J	
R3	Insulated Carbon Film	470Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E471J	
R4	Insulated Carbon Film	47032 1.5kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E152J	
R5	Insulated Carbon Film	3.9kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E392J	
R6	Insulated Carbon Film	47kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E473J	
R7	Insulated Carbon Film	6.8kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E682J	
R8	Insulated Carbon Film	100kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E104J	
R9	Insulated Carbon Film	68kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E683J	
R10	Insulated Carbon Film	2.2MΩ	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H225J	
R11	Insulated Carbon Film	18kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E183J	
R12	Insulated Carbon Film	47kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E473J	
R13	Insulated Carbon Film	2.2kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E222J	
R14	Insulated Carbon Film	6.8kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E682J	
R15	Insulated Carbon Film	0.00Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E681J	
R16	Insulated Carbon Film	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E153J	
R17	Insulated Carbon Film	27kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E273J	
R18	Insulated Carbon Film	1MΩ	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H105J	
R19	Insulated Carbon Film	1.2kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E122J	
R20	Insulated Carbon Film	6.8kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E682J	
R21	Insulated Carbon Film	4.7kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E472J	
				RMISTOR		
Q1~5	2SC458 (C)	112				
TH1	SDT-1000					
		POTI	ENTIOME	TER		
VR1	1kΩ (B)					
****	11/4/10/		o+-			· · · · · ·
			etc.		100 0045 51	
_	Printed Circuit Board				J25-0013-04	
L1	Ferri-Inductor (FL11H-154J)	•			L33-0127-05	



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM-

BOTTOM VIEW OF TRANSISTOR

2SC627

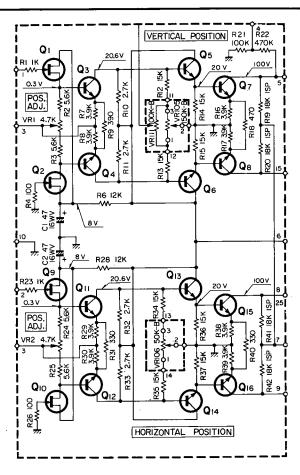


2SC458(C)

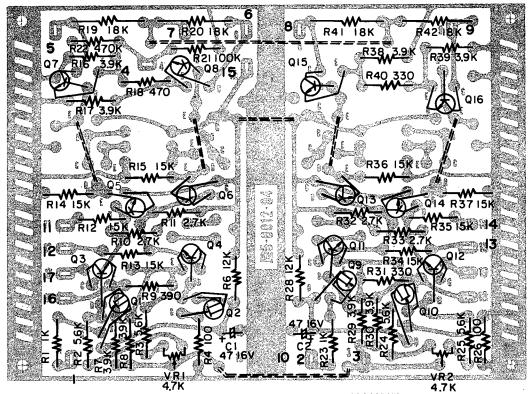


2SK30





SEALED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLIES-PHANTOM VIEWS-





UM-1508J SECTION

Symbol No.		Description			Part No.	Remarks
		C	APACITO	RS		
C1, 2	Electrolytic Tubular	47μF	16WV		CE04W1C470	
	<u> </u>	F	RESISTO	RS	<u> </u>	****
R1	Insulated Carbon Film	1kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E102J	
R2, 3	Insulated Carbon Film	5.6kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E562J	,
R4	Insulated Carbon Film	100Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E101J	
R6	Insulated Carbon Film	12kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E123J	
R7, 8	Insulated Carbon Film	3.9kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E392J	
R9	Insulated Carbon Film	390 Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E391J	
R10, 11	Insulated Carbon Film	2.7kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E272J	
R12~15	Insulated Carbon Film	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E153J	
R16, 17	Insulated Carbon Film	3.9kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E392J	
R18	Insulated Carbon Film	470Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E471J	
R19, 20	Metal Film	18k Ω	±5%	1W	RN14AB3A183J	
R21	Insulated Carbon Film	100k Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E104J	
R22	Insulated Carbon Film	470k Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E474J	
R23	Insulated Carbon Film	1kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E102J	
R24, 25	Insulated Carbon Film	5.6kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E562J	
R26	Insulated Carbon Film	100Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E101J	
R28	Insulated Carbon Film	12kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E123J	
R29, 30	Insulated Carbon Film	3.9kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E392J	
R31	Insulated Carbon Film	330Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E331J	
R32, 33	Insulated Carbon Film	2.7kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E272J	
R34~37	Insulated Carbon Film	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E153J	
R38, 39	Insulated Carbon Film	3.9kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E392J	
R40	Insulated Carbon Film	330Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E331J	
R41, 42	Metal Film	18kΩ	±5%	1W	RN14AB3A183J	
	-	TRA	NSISTOF	RS/FET		·
	2SK30 (0)					
Q1, 2						
Q3~6	2SC458(C)					*
Q7, 8	2SC627(2)					
Q9, 10	2SK30(0)					
Q11~14	2SC458(C)					
Q15, 16	2SC627(2)	DOT	ENTION	IETED		
			ENTION	EIEN		
VR1	"V" POSITION ADJ. 4.7ks				R12-1004-05	
VR2	"H" POSITION ADJ. 4.7ks	2 (B)			R12-1004-05	
	· -		PC BOAF	RD		
_	PC Board	,		4	J25-0012-14	
						*
•						

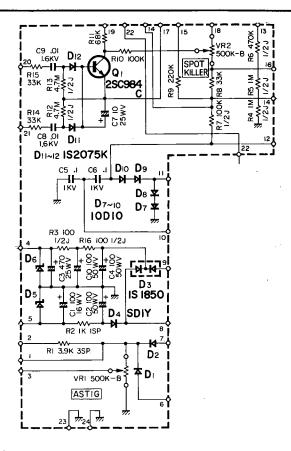
(KC-6060)

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM-

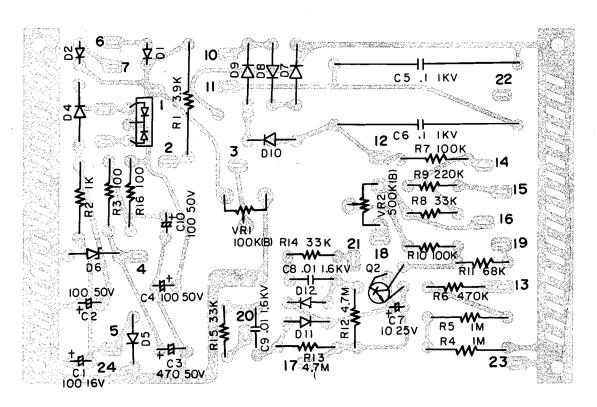
BOTTOM VIEW OF TRANSISTOR

2SC984





SEALED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLIES-PHANTOM VIEWS-



Q2 2SC984(C) DI2 SW-05(G) D3 ISI850 D4 SD-1Y, D5 2B1-6 D6 SZ-200-25, D7~10 10D10 D11,12 ISI473K



Symbol No.		Description			Part No.	Remarks
		C	APACITO	RS		
C1	Electrolytic Tubular	100μF	16WV		CE04W1C101	
C2	Electrolytic Tubular	100μF	50WV		CE04W1H101	
С3	Electrolytic Tubular	470μF	25WV		CE04W1E471	
C4	Electrolytic Tubular	100μF	50WV		CE04W1H101	
C5, 6	Oil Impregnated Paper	0.1μF	±20%		CP02B3A104M	
C7	Electrolytic Tubular	10μF	25WV		CE04W1E100	
C8, 9	Ceramic	0.01µF	±20%		CK94YY3C103M	
C10	Electrolytic Tubular	100µF	50W∨		CE04W1H101	
		R	ESISTOF	RS	•	
R1	Metal Film	3.9k Ω	±5%	3W	RN14AB3F392J	
R2	Metal Film	1kΩ	±5%	1W	RN14AB3A102J	
R3	Insulated Carbon Film	100Ω	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H101J	
R4, 5	Insulated Carbon Film	$1 M\Omega$	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H105J	
R6	Insulated Carbon Film	470k $Ω$	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H474J	
R7	Insulated Carbon Film	100k Ω	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H104J	
R8	Insulated Carbon Film	33k Ω	±5%	1/4W .	PD14BY2E333J	
R9	Insulated Carbon Film	220k Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E224J	
R10	Insulated Carbon Film	100kΩ	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E104J	
R11	Insulated Carbon Film	68 k Ω	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E683J	
R12, 13	Insulated Carbon Film	4.7MΩ	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H475J	
R14, 15	Insulated Carbon Film	$33k\Omega$	±5%	1/4W	PD14BY2E333J	
R16	Insulated Carbon Film	100Ω	±5%	1/2W	PD14BY2H101J	
		POT	ENTIOME	ETER		
VR1	ASTIGMATISM ADJ. 50	0kΩ (B)			R12-7001-05	
VR2	SPOT KILLER ADJ. 50	0kΩ (B)			R12-7001-05	
·		TRAN	SISTOR/I	DIODES		
Ω1	2SC984(C)					
Ð1, 2	SW-05 (Gray)					
D3	1S1850					
D4	SD-1Y					
D5	ZB1-6					
D6	SZ-200-25					
D7~10	10D10					•
D11, 12	1S1473(K)		·			
		P	C BOAR)		
	PC Board				J25-0014-14	
					•	

KENWOOD ELECTRONICS, INC.

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